









motoring the wheels of success



### India's Foremost Manufacturer of Motors

Establishing strengthening and sustaining the development of a strong company not only means deploying resources, expertise and knowhow but also great determination and confidence in the future. Through all these years of intensive activity and quick expansions, the action towards common goal to stand out as a strong consistent group, constantly striving for improvement have driven HINDUSTAN ELECTRIC MOTOR attain and achieve a leading position in the Indian Motor industry.

Hindustan Electric Motor, an ISO 9001: 2015 company is the leading Electric Motor Manufacturer in India with a proven track record of over four decades.

From a modest beginning with an electric motor unit in Mumbai, Hindustan Electric Motor has set up state of art manufacturing facilities at Daman & Vapi. The last four decades have seen the core business develop along with different product lines; Flameproof motors, Crane duty motors, Cooling tower motors, Textile motors, Inverter duty motors, Brake motors & other motors for customer specific application. In the manufacture of motor, a competitive edge lies in providing consistent quality, high reliability with innovative products. Our expansion in Daman & Vapi was to address these key market determinants. The manufacturing set up is sourced out from the world renowned machinery and technology suppliers with constant up-gradations and expansions.



Hindustan Electric Motor derives its strength from its customers. The growth of the latter is the prerequisite to the growth of the company and hence customers' satisfaction is its prime objective. In an ongoing process to improve customer satisfaction, Hindustan Electric Motor offers a variety of Services:

- Competitive prices
- Consistent quality
- Timely delivery
- Product development for a changing Market
- · A targeted stocking policy
- Technical support for applications / projects

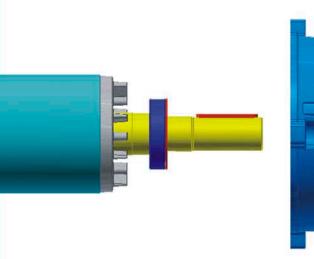
Hindustan Electric Motor has highly experienced qualified and dedicated professionals with strong adherence to the quality management system. Hindustan Electric Motor has offices all over the country and also has a wide network of authorised distributors, dealers and service centers to cater to all the customer segments in India and abroad.

Hindustan Electric Motor has earned the trust and reputation in India and abroad by winning the customers' confidence. Millions of motors have been manufactured and are in operation in India & abroad.

Hindustan brand motors are preferred choice in OEM, end users, heavy industries, cooling tower application and various diverse application and industries. The titans of Indian industry & consultants / specifiers are now referring Hindustan Electric Motor for most critical and specific applications.







## **PRODUCT RANGE**

### **IE2 High Efficiency Motors**

 Frames
 : 63 to 355LX

 Rating (kW)
 : 0.12 to 315.0

 Poles
 : 2, 4, 6, 8

 Mountings
 : B3, B5, B14 & combinations

 Protection
 : IP55

 Enclosure
 : TEFC



#### **IE3 Premium Efficiency Motors**

Frames: 63 to 355LXRating (kW): 0.12 to 315.0Poles: 2, 4, 6, 8Mountings: B3, B5, B14 & combinationsProtection: IP55Enclosure: TEFC



#### **Multi Speed Motors**

 Frames
 : 71 to 355LX

 Rating (kW)
 : 0.12 to 150.0

 Poles
 : 4/2, 8/4, 6/4, 8/6 & others

 Mountings
 : B3, B5, B14 & combinations

 Protection
 : IP55

 Enclosure
 : TEFC



### **Standard Flameproof Motors**

Frames: 63 to 315LXRating (kW): 0.12 to 200.0Poles: 2, 4, 6, 8Mountings: B3, B5, B14 & combinationsProtection: IP55Enclosure: TEFC



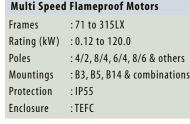
#### **IE2 High Efficiency Flameproof Motors**

Frames: 63 to 315LXRating (kW): 0.12 to 200.0Poles: 2, 4, 6, 8Mountings: B3, B5, B14 & combinationsProtection: IP55Enclosure: TEFC



IE3 Premium Efficiency Flameproof MotorsFrames: 63 to 315LXRating (kW)<td: 0.12 to 200.0</td>Poles<td: 2, 4, 6, 8</td>Mountings: B3, B5, B14 & combinationsProtection: IP55Enclosure: TEFC





ELECTRIC MOTORS



#### **Cooling Tower Motors**

Frames	:71 to 315LX
Rating (kW)	:0.37 to 45.0
Poles	: 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 & others
Mountings	: B3 or B5
Protection	: IP55
Enclosure	: TE, TEFC



Frames: 63 to 160LRating (kW): 0.037 to 5.5Poles: 4, 6, 8Mountings: B3, B5, B14 or specialProtection: IP55Enclosure: TE or Force Cooled

#### **Brake Motors**

Frames: 63 to 250MXRating (kW): 0.18 to 55.0Poles: 2, 4, 6, 8Mountings: B3, B5, B14 & combinationsProtection: IP54Enclosure: TEFC

#### **Inverter Duty Motors**

Frames: 90S to 355LXRating (kW): 0.37 to 315.0Poles: 2, 4, 6, 8Mountings: B3, B5, B14 & combinationsProtection: IP55Enclosure: Force Cooled

#### **Roller Table Motors**

 Frames
 : 112M to 160L

 Rating (kW)
 : 0.75 to 7.5

 Poles
 : 4, 6, 8

 Mountings
 : B5

 Protection
 : IP55

 Enclosure
 : TE, TEFC

## **Crane Duty Motors**

 Frames
 : 71 to 315LX

 Rating (kW)
 : 0.18 to 200.0

 Poles
 : 4, 6, 8

 Mountings
 : B3, B5, B14 & combinations

 Protection
 : IP55

 Enclosure
 : TEFC

 Textile Motors

 Frames
 : 100L to 180L

 Rating (kW)
 : 0.55 to 15.0

 Poles
 : 4, 6, 8

 Mountings
 : B3, B5, B14 & Pad

: IP55

: TENV, TEFC with clean flow





Special Application Motors : Dual Voltage / Dual Frequency motors • Low Vibration motors for machine tools • Motors for Extreme Climatic Conditions • Motor for Import Substitute

Protection

Enclosure









## **STANDARDS & REFERENCES**

HINDUSTAN motors are manufactured according to Indian & International standards.

Description	IS
3 phase induction motors - Efficiency & Performance specification	IS 12615
Code of practice for installation & maintenance of induction motor	IS 900
Dimensions & output seires for rotating electrical machines	IS 1231, IS 2223, IS 8223
Symbols of construction & mounting arrangement	IS 2253
Guide for testing 3 ph induction motor (For standard TEFC motors)	IS 4029
Classification of degrees of protection	IS/IEC 60034-5
Terminal marking & direction of rotation	IS/IEC 60034-8
Methods of determination of efficiency of rotating electrical machines (For standard TEFC motors)	IS 15999-2-1
Methods of cooling	IS 6362
Permissible limits of noise levels for rotating electrical machines	IS 12065
Mechanical vibration of rotating electrical machines	IS 12075
Additional standards for hazardous area motors	
Electrical apparatus for explosive atmospheres - General requirements	IS/IEC 60079-0
Electrical apparatus for explosive atmospheres - Equipment protection by flameproof enclosures "d"	IS/IEC 60079-1
Classification of hazardous areas (other than mines) having flammable gases & vapours for electrical installation	IS 5572

Guide for selection & installation of electrical equipment in hazardous areas (other than mines)

Other Specifications: Inter plant standard for steel industries: IPSS-1-03-007

All the motors are manufactured in Quality Assurance System compliant with ISO 9000.

The motors covered by the present catalogue comply with the regulations & standards consistent with IS & IEC standards.

Glossary:

IS - Indian standards published by Bureau of Indian Standard (BIS)

## **RATING PLATE**

	ndustan	3∼Ind. ∣	Motor	E3 C	E	12615
Amb. 5	0°C Di	ıty <mark>S1</mark>	E	ncl. TEFC	CM/L-	78XXXXXXXX
Type 2	HE3 096-	0403–A0	0001		Wt. 2	5 kg
Brg	6205ZZ/	′6205ZZ			In.Cl.	F
Fr	90L/B3					
SN (	) 1119 M	1234567	8		IP (	55
Hz±5%	‰ V±10%	kW/HP	А	RPI	vl %Ef	f PF
50	240D	1.5/2.0	5.4	143	5 85.3	3 0.79
50	415Y	1.5/2.0	3.1	1 143	5 85.3	3 0.79
					MADE	IN INDIA

## **AMBIENT TEMPERATURE**

IS 5571

HMM Motors are designed for 50°C ambient temperature.

#### Permitted output (% of rated output)

≤ 30° C	107 %
30°C - 45° C	103 %
50° C	100 %
55° C	96 %
60° C	92 %



## **TOLERANCE ON PERFORMANCE PARAMETERS & DIMENSIONS**

Efficiency (η)	
<ul> <li>motors up to and including 150 kW</li> </ul>	- 15 % of (1 - η)
– motors above 150 kW	- 10 % of (1 - η)
Total losses (applicable to motors with ratings >150 kW)	+10 % of the total losses
Power factor (cos φ)	- 1/6 of (1 - cos φ); min 0.02, max 0.07
Slip at full load and at working temperature	
<ul> <li>For motors having output &lt; 1 kW</li> </ul>	±30 % of the slip
– For motors having output $\geq$ 1 kW	±20 % of the slip
Locked rotor current ( $I_{ST}$ ) with any specified starting apparatus	+ 20 % of the current
Locked rotor torque (T <sub>ST</sub> )	- 15 % to + 25 % of the torque (+25 % may be exceeded
	by agreement between manufacturer & purchaser)
Pull out torque (T <sub>PO</sub> )	- 10 % of the torque except that after allowing for
	this tolerance the torque shall be not less than 1,6
	or 1,5 times the rated torque
Moment of inertia	± 10 % of the value
	-  motors above 150 kW Total losses (applicable to motors with ratings >150 kW) Power factor (cos φ) Slip at full load and at working temperature $-  For motors having output < 1 kW$ $-  For motors having output ≥ 1 kW$ Locked rotor current (I <sub>ST</sub> ) with any specified starting apparatus Locked rotor torque (T <sub>ST</sub> ) Pull out torque (T <sub>PO</sub> )

#### Dimension

#### Tolerances

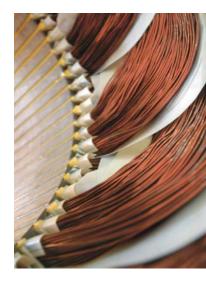
Frame Size H $\leq$ 250 $\geq$ 250	
Diameter D of shaft extension: • 11 to 28 mm • 32 to 48 mm • 55mm and above	
Diameter N of flange spigot: Up to F 500 B Above F 500 B	j6 js6
Key width	h9
Width of drive shaft keyway (normal keying)	P9
Key depth: • Square section • Rectangular section	h9 h11
Runout of shaft in flanged motors (normal class): $D \le 10 \text{ mm}$	0.030 mm

0.035 mm
0.040 mm
0.050 mm
0.060 mm
0.070 mm

Concentricity of spigot diameter and perpendicularity of mating surface of flange to shaft (normal class)

#### Flange:

F65 to F 115	0.080 mm
F130 to F 265	0.100 mm
F300 to F 500	0.125 mm
F600 to F740	0.160 mm



## **TERMINAL BOX DATA**

Frame Size	Cable E	ntry size	Max. Cable Size	Max. Cable Size	Terminal	
Fidilie Size	Safe Area	Safe Area Hazardous Area		Star-Delta starting	Stud size	
63-90	1 x 3/4″ BSC	1 x M20x1.5P	3C x 4mm <sup>2</sup>	-	M4	
100-132	2 x 1" BSC	2 x M25x1.5P	3C x 10mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 3C x 10mm <sup>2</sup>	M5	
160-180	2 x 1" BSC	2 x M25x1.5P	3C x 35mm²	2 x 3C x 25mm <sup>2</sup>	M6	
200	2 x 2″ BSC	2 x M40x1.5P	3C x 120mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 3C x 70mm <sup>2</sup>	M8	
225-250		2 x M50x1.5P	SC X 120111114	2 X SC X / 0111112	IVIO	
280-315	2 x 2½″ BSC	2 x M63x1.5P	3C x 240mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 3C x 150mm <sup>2</sup>	M12	
355	2 x 3″ BSC	-	3C x 400mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 3C x 300mm <sup>2</sup>	M16	

Equivalent matric & Pg threadings can also be provided on request.

## **EFFECT OF VARIATION OF VOLTAGE & FREQUENCY ON MOTOR PERFORMANCE**

ci.		Volt	tage	Frequency		
Char	acteristics	tics 110%		105%	95%	
Torque	Starting & Maximum	Increase 21%	Decrease 19%	Decrease 10%	Increase 11%	
<b>C</b> 1	Synchronous	No Change	No Change	Increase 5%	Decrease 5%	
Speed	Full Load	Increase 1%	Decrease 1.5%	Increase 5%	Decrease 5%	
	No Load	Increase 10-15%	Decrease 10-12%	Decrease 5-6%	Increase 5-6%	
	Starting	Increase 10-12%	Decrease 10-12%	Decrease 5-6%	Increase 5-6%	
Current	Full Load	Decrease 7%	Increase 11%	Slight Decrease	Slight Increase	
Current	Temp. Rise	Decrease 3-4°C	Increase 6-7°C	Slight Decrease	Slight Decrease	
	Overload	Increase 21%	Decrease 19% Slight Decrease		Slight Decrease	
	Magnetic Noise	Slight Increase	Slight Decrease	Slight Decrease	Slight Increase	
Efficiency	Full Load	Increase 0.5-1.0%	Decrease 2%	Slight Increase	Slight Decrease	
Power Factor	Full Load	Decrease 3%	Increase 1%	Slight Increase	Slight Decrease	

## **BEARING ARRANGEMENT**

Frames upto 180 have sealed bearings which are lubricated for life. Frames 200 & above have regreasing arrangement as a standard feature.

From a Cina	Safe Area	Safe Area Motors		Area Motors	Regeasing Time (Hrs.)	
Frame Size	DE side	NDE side	DE side	NDE side	2 pole	4, 6, 8 pole
63	6201ZZ	6201ZZ	6201ZZ	6201ZZ	-	-
71	6202ZZ	6202ZZ	6202ZZ	6202ZZ	-	-
80	6204ZZ	6204ZZ	6204ZZ	6204ZZ	-	-
90S/L	6205ZZ	6205ZZ	6205ZZ	6205ZZ	-	-
100L	6206ZZ	6206ZZ	6206ZZ	6206ZZ	-	-
112M	6206ZZ	6206ZZ	6306ZZ	6206ZZ	-	-
132S/M	6208ZZ	6208ZZ	6308ZZ	6208ZZ	-	-
160M/L	6309ZZ	6209ZZ	6309ZZ	6309ZZ	-	-
180M/L	6310ZZ	6210ZZ	6310ZZ	6310ZZ	-	-
200L	6312 #	6312 #	6312ZZ	6312ZZ	# 3,500	# 8,000
225S/M	6313	6313	6313	6313	3,500	8,000
250M	6315	6315	6315	6315	2,500	6,000
280S/M - 2P	6315	6315	(217	(217	2,000	-
280S/M - 4-8P	6317	6317	6317	6317	-	5,000
315S/M/L - 2P	6316	6316	6210	6210	2,000	-
315S/M/L - 4-8P	6319	6319	6319	6319	-	4,000
355S/M/L - 2P	6317	6317			2,000	-
355S/M/L - 4-8P	6322	6322	-	-	-	3,000

The regreasing time mentioned is for horizontal mounted motors. For vertical mounted motors, it should be reduced by half.



## **DEGREE OF PROTECTION**

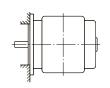
The degree of protection as classified in IS/IEC 60034-5 is given below. It is denoted by 2 digits. The first digit denotes protection against solid bodies or particles and the second digit denotes protection against liquid. All our standard TEFC motors are having IP55 degree of protection, unless otherwise specified.

	Second Characteristic Numeral			Ŏ	Ō			
First Characteristic Numeral		No Protection	Dripping water from top shall not harm	Dripping water up to 15° from vertical shall not harm	Dripping water up to 60° from vertical shall not harm	Water splashes shall not harm	Water projected by nozzle shall not harm	Water from heavy seas shall not harm
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6
0	No Protection							
1	Machine protected against bodies > 50mm dia							
2	Machine protected against bodies > 12mm dia		IP 21	IP 22	IP 23			
3	Machine protected against bodies > 2.5mm dia							
4	Machine protected against bodies > 1mm dia					IP 44		
5	Dust-protected machine					IP 54	IP 55	IP 56
6	No ingress of dust						IP 65	

## **MOUNTING POSITIONS**

### HORIZONTAL MOUNTING

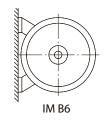


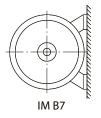


IM B5

IM B3













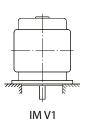
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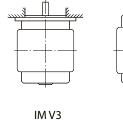


IM B35

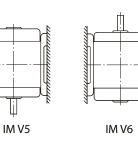
IM B34

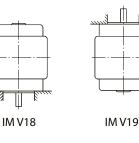






**ELECTRIC MOTORS** 







The various operating cycles of driven machines can be classified into nine basic duties, ranging from S1 to S9 separately indicated below. Suitable motors can be offered to match the duty cycles of the driven machines.

## **CLASSES OF DUTY**

The following are the duty types:

Duty	Туре	Description	Application					
S1	Continuous duty	Operation at constant load maintained for sufficient time to allow the machine to reach thermal equilibrium. These are our standard motors.	Pumps, Blowers, Fan Compressors					
S2	Short time duty	Operation at constant load for a given time, less than that required to reach thermal equilibrium, followed by a time de-energized and at rest of sufficient duration to re-establish machine temperatures within 2K of the coolant temperature.	Operation of gates of dams, siren, Capstan, Valve Actuators,					
		The recommended values for the short-time duty are 10, 30, 60 and 90 minutes.	Mixers etc.					
S3	Intermittent periodic duty	A sequence of identical duty cycles, each including a time of operation at constant load and a time de-energized and at rest. In this duty, the cycle is such that the starting current does not significantly affect the temperature rise. Unless otherwise specified, the duration of the cycle is 10 minutes.	Valve actuators, Wire drawing machines					
		The recommended values for the load factor are 15, 25, 40 and 60 percent.						
		These motors also come in crane duty applications and the duty cycle is designated as S3-40%, S3-60%. The no. of starts are also less; either 45 or 60 st/hr.						
S4	Intermittent periodic duty with starting	A sequence of identical duty cycles each consisting of a period of starting, a period of operation at constant load and a rest period, the operating, rest & de-energized being too short to attain thermal equilibrium during one duty cycle.	Hoists, cranes, lifts					
		In this duty the stopping of the motor is obtained either by natural deceleration after disconnection of the electricity supply or by means of braking such as mechanical brake which does not cause additional heating of the windings.						
		These are generally suitable for crane duty / lift duty applications.						
		The duty is mentioned as S4-60% CDF, 150 st/hr etc.						
S5	Intermittent periodic duty with starting	iodic duty at constant load, a period of braking and a rest period. The operating and de-energized periods h starting being too short to attain thermal equilibrium.						
	and braking	In this duty braking is rapid and is carried out electrically through electromagnetic DC brakes or by injection of DC voltage in the rotor. Since the braking is done electrically, the braking losses are also added to the starting losses, thus making this duty most stringent and heavy.						
		The duty is mentioned as S5-60% CDF, 300 st/hr etc.						
S6	Continuous duty with intermittent	A sequence of identical duty cycles each consisting of a period of operation at constant load & a period of operation at no-load, The operation and no-load periods are too short to attain thermal equilibrium during one duty cycle.	Conveyors, Machine Tools					
	periodic loading	Unless otherwise specified the duration of the duty cycle is 10 minutes.						
	loading	The recommended values of CDF are 15, 25, 40 and 60 percent. This duty is different from S2 duty, as in S2 Duty there is a period of rest after the load operation.						
		Normal S1 duty motors are suitable to operate on S6 duty provided the load Inertia is maximum equal to motor inertia.						
S7	Continuous duty with	A sequence of identical duty cycles each consisting of a period of starting, a period of operation at constant load & a period of electrical braking. There is no rest and de-energized period.	Machine Tools, Balancing machines,					
	starting and braking	This is also a very stringent duty application similar to S5 duty, except in this case there is no rest period.	Tapping machines					
S8	Continuous duty with periodic speed changes	A sequence of identical duty cycles each consisting of a period of operation at constant load corresponding to a determined speed of rotation, followed immediately by a period of operation at another load corresponding to a different speed of rotation (carried out, for example, by means of change of the number of poles in the case of induction motors), the operating periods being too short to attain equilibrium during one duty cycle. There is no rest and de-energized period.	Special applications where the motor is required to run at different speeds and different loads					
		These motors are always Multi-speed Motors for e.g. 4P/2P, 8P/4P, 6P/4P etc.						
		Here the Speed change is done by Pole Changing method. This is achieved by connecting the motor terminals in two different ways to achieve 2 different speeds.						



Duty	Туре	Description	Application
S9	Duty with non periodic load and speed variations	A duty in which generally load and speed are varying non-periodically within the permissible operating range. This duty includes frequently applied overloads that may greatly exceed the full loads. For this duty type, suitable load values should be taken as the basis of the overload concept.	Special applications where the motor is required to run at different speeds and different loads

### DESIGNATION

A duty type is designated by means of the abbreviation given below. For the duty type S2 the abbreviation is followed an indication of the duration of the duty. For duty type S3 and S6 the abbreviations are followed by an indication of the cyclic duration factor.

Examples: S2 60 minutes • S3 25 percent • S6 40 percent

For the duty types S4 and S5 the abbreviation are followed by the indication of the cyclic duration factor, the number of starts per hour (st/hr) and the factor of inertia (FI)

Examples: S4-25%, 120 st/hr, load factor = 2 (load factor = load inertia/motor inertia)

For the duty type S7 the abbreviation is followed by the indication of the number of cycles per hour and the factor of inertia.

Examples: S7-500 st/hr, load factor = 2

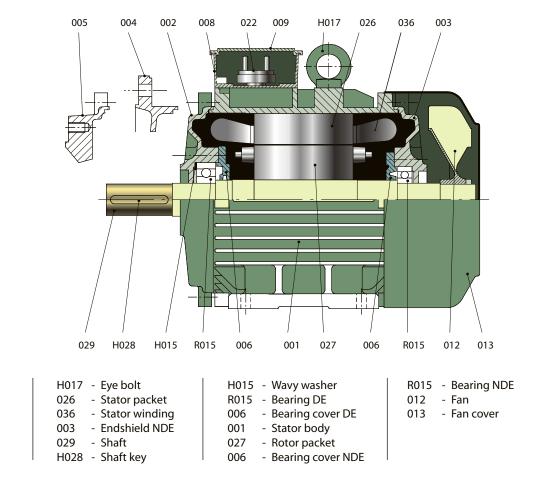
For the duty type S8 and S9 the abbreviation is followed by the indication of the number of duty cycles per hour and the factor of inertia together with the load. In addition, the cyclic duration factor should be indicated for each speed.

Examples: S8 or S9 30 st/hr, load factor = 3

#### S2/S3 RATED MOTOR OUTPUTS

Standard motors can be used for S2 and S3 duties with increased outputs. However, the starting torque and pullout torque as percentage of full load torque would be reduced. The ratings indicated in the table are with minimum 200% pull out torque.

## **SPARES**



#### **Table of Components**

- 005 Endshield DE B14
- 004 Endshield DE B5
- 002 Endshield DE B3
- 008 Terminal box
- 022 Terminal block
- 009 Terminal box cover

## **MECHANICAL VIBRATION**

Limits of vibration of rotating electrical machines is defined in IS: 12075. This is applicable for machines with shaft height 56mm and higher having a nominal speed from 500 rpm up to and including 3000 rpm.

The measurements are carried out under no load, uncoupled condition in a state of free suspension (suspension by resilient means such as rope, V-belt, spring or freely placed on test bed) or Rigid mounting (for motors with shaft height greater than 400mm).

The measurements are to be carried out with half key in its shaft extension keyway.

Shaft Height (mm)	56 < H ≤ 132		132 < 1	H ≤ 225	225 < I	H ≤ 400	H > 400		
Range of Speed (rpm)	500 -1500 > 1500 & up to 3000		500 -1500	> 1500 & up to 3000 500 -1500		> 1500 & up to 3000	500 -1500	> 1500 & up to 3000	
		rms va	lues of vibration	velocity in mm/	s for the shaft he	eight H			
N (normal)	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.8	2.8	4.5	2.8	4.5	
R (reduced)	0.71	0.71	0.71 1.12		1.8	2.8	-	-	
S (special)	0.45 0.45		0.45 0.71		1.12 1.8		-	-	

## **NOISE LEVEL**

Permissible limits of noise levels for rotating electrical machines are defined in IS: 12065. Machines are to run at no load, uncoupled condition. Measurements are carried out at a distance of 1m in the horizontal and vertical planes of the machine.

			LIMITIN					IB (A) FOR AL MACHI		E NOISE					
Prote Enclo		IP 22	IP 44	IP 22	IP 44	IP 22	IP 44	IP 22	IP 44	IP 22	IP 44	IP 22	IP 44		
Ratin	g kW		Rated Speed (rpm)												
	κVA)	960 and	d below	961 to	0 1320	1321 t	o 1900	1901 t	o 2360	2361 t	o 3150	3151 t	o 3750		
Above	Up to					Sc	ound Powe	er Level dB(	A)			·			
	1.1	-	76	-	79	-	80	-	83	-	84	-	88		
1.1	2.2	-	79	-	80	-	83	-	87	-	89	-	91		
2.2	5.5	-	82	-	84	-	87	-	92	-	93	-	95		
5.5	11	82	85	85	88	88	91	91	96	94	97	97	100		
11	22	86	89	89	93	92	96	94	98	97	101	100	103		
22	37	89	91	92	95	94	97	96	100	99	103	102	105		
37	55	90	92	94	97	97	99	99	103	101	105	104	107		
55	110	94	96	97	101	100	104	102	105	104	107	106	109		
110	220	98	100	100	104	103	106	105	108	107	110	108	112		
220	630	100	102	104	106	106	109	107	111	108	112	110	114		
630	1100	102	104	106	107	107	111	108	111	108	112	110	114		
1100	2500	105	107	109	110	109	113	109	113	109	113	110	114		
2500	6300	106	108	110	112	111	115	111	115	111	115	111	115		
6300	16000	108	110	111	113	113	116	113	116	113	116	113	116		



### Introduction:

These motors are fed with variable voltage & variable frequency from inverter supply to achieve speed variation required by the process / application & also to gain energy savings related with speeds. Typical VFDs have a very high switching frequencies which results in generating very high dV/dt (up to 1.2kV/µs). Such high pulses impress severe stresses on the windings. If the motors with standard insulation systems are fed from inverters, the repeated pulses of such surge waves reduces the insulation strength & the life of the motor unpredictably. "HINDUSTAN" Inverter duty motors are wound with special insulation system viz. dual coated class H wires, special vacuum pressure impregnation (VPI).

Unless specified, following details are assumed for motors with drives;

 Rated Voltage
 415V

 Rated Frequency
 50Hz

 Ratio V/f
 8.3

 V/f
 Constant for frequency in the range 0-50Hz

 V
 Constant for frequency > 50Hz

### **Separate Cooling:**

When the motor is run from 5Hz to 50Hz & expected to deliver the rated torque, the motor will draw the rated current. The heating due to the rated current will be equal to the rated heating. At lower speeds, the cooling of the motor is reduced significantly resulting in increased temperature rise. To control this, inverter duty motors are fitted with separate cooling fans. This ensures that the rated cooling is maintained even at reduced speeds.

### **Insulated Bearing:**

It is also suggested to protect motors of 315 frame & above with insulated bearing preferably at non-drive end due to high shaft currents induced, which are detrimental to bearing life. In smaller motors, shaft currents are less which are taken care of by grease film in the bearing.

### **Operation at higher speeds:**

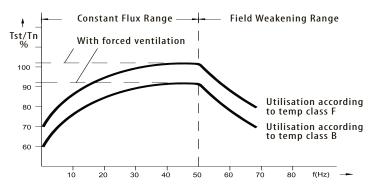
At frequencies above 50Hz, voltage is maintained constant & only the frequency is increased. This results in reduced V/f ratio resulting in weakened magnetic flux in the motor. Following care should be taken in this operation mode;

1. The mechanical speed of the motor should never exceed as below.

	Safe Max	imum Speed fo	or Motors	J		
Frame Size	2P	4P	6P	8P		
≤100	5200	3600	2400	1800		
112	5200	3600	2400	1800		
132	4500	2700	2400	1800		
160	4500	2700	2400	1800		
180	4500	2700	2400	1800		
200	4500	2300	1800	1500		
225	3600	2300	1800	1500		
250	3600	2300	1800	1500		
280	3600	2300	1800	1500		
315	3600	2300	1800	1500		
355	3600	2300	1800	1500		

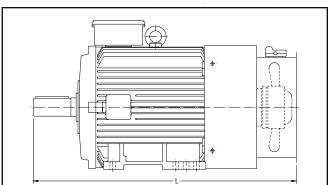
2. The output torque reduces greatly with increase in frequency. This results in constant power output.

3. The maximum speed & the maximum operating torque possible at any speed should be chosen ensuring the above.



ELECTRIC MOTORS

## **Mechanical Dimensions:**



		_							
Frame	IE2		IE3	IE3					
Frame Size	No. of Poles	L	No. of Poles	L					
905	2,4,6,8	424	2,4,6,8	449					
90L	2,8	449	2469	480					
90L	4,6	480	2,4,6,8	400					
100L	2	523	2,4	523					
TOOL	4,6,8	489	6,8	489					
112M	4,6,8	503	8	503					
112111	4,0,0	202	4,6	545					
132S	2	606	2,6	606					
1525	4,6,8	568	4,8	568					
132M	16	606	4	606					
132101	4,6	000	6	646					
160M	2469	704	2463)	702					
160L	2,4,6,8	748	2,4,6 <sup>3)</sup>	783					
180M	2,4,8	770	2,4,8	770					
180L	4,6,8	808	4,6,8	808					
	2		2	022					
200L	169	915	4,6(22kW)	932					
	4,6,8		6,8	915					
225M	2	1005	2	1005					
225SX/MX	4,6,8	1035	4,6,8	1035					
250M	2	1005	2	1005					
250MX	4,6,8	1085	4,6,8	1085					
280S/M	2	1105	2	1105					
280SX/MX	4,6,8	1195	4,6,8	1195					
315S/M	2	1310	2	1310					
315L	2	1473	2	1473					
315SX/MX	160	1340	169	1340					
315LX	4,6,8	1503	4,6,8	1503					
355S/M/L	2	1647	2	1647					
355SX/MX/LX	4,6,8	1717	4,6,8	1717					

Note:

1) Suffix "X" denotes motors other than 2 pole motors.

2) For other dimensions, refer to page nos. 23 & 25.

3) For frame 160/8P, refer to dimension of IE2 motors.

### **Construction:**

Brake Motors are used for various applications where instantaneous stopping of the driven load is required. The operation of the brake is **"FAIL SAFE TYPE"** i.e. normally ON. When the electrical power to the motor is cut-off or the power fails, the brake is applied.

Brake motor is a combination of an A.C. induction motor and an electromagnetic AC or DC brake. The electromagnetic brake is mounted on the non-driving end of the motor.

DC brake motors are provided with a rectifier which provides the required DC voltage to the brake coil which in turn operates the brake. The supply to the rectifier is fed from any two terminals (between any two phases) in the main terminal box of the motor.

General applications of Brake motors are printing machinery, textile machinery, rolling mills, cranes & hoists, material handling equipments, machine tools etc.

### Working:

When the power to the motor is switched off, a braking torque is generated which presses the armature plate of the brake against the mounting flange. When the supply resumes, a magnetic field is produced in the brake coil and this pulls the armature plate against the spring force and the shaft is now free to rotate.

### **Range of Hindustan Brand Brake Motors:**

KW	:0.093 t 55.0 kW
Pole	: 2P, 4P, 6P & 8P
Mounting	: B3, B5, B14 & combinations
Frame	:63 to 250MX
Motor Voltage	:415V±10% or as required
Frequency	:50Hz±5% or as required
Braking torque	:Up to 800Nm
Brake coil voltage	: 190V DC (Other voltages on request)
Protection	:IP54
Duty cycle	:S1 – S8

### **SPECIAL FEATURES:**

- The brake motors are simple & rugged & so easy for maintenance.
- No separate DC supply is required as the rectifier is provided which gives the required DC voltage for energisation of the brake.
- The rectifier is mounted inside the main terminal box so no separate terminal box required.

# General guidelines for selection of suitable Brake Model:

The Brakes are rated by torque & selection of suitable model can be made by calculating the required torque, rating of the brake & then matching it with static torque.

Torque (Nm) = 9550 x (KW / RPM) x Safety Factor (SF)

where kW-Kilowatts of motor,

RPM-Speed of motor,

SF-Safety Factor depending on type of prime mover & load.

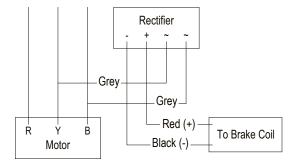
For electric motor, SF = 2 to 3

For diesel engine, SF = 4 to 5

For compressor, SF = 5 to 6.



## **Brake Coil Connection Diagram:**



Brake coil is energized by DC side switching as shown in the diagram.

## **Applications:**

Hindustan Brake motors can be used in many applications. A few of them are listed below;

- Machine tools
- Textile machinery
- Cranes & hoists
- Printing Machinery
- Material handling equipments
- Geared motors
- Cable reeling drums
- Rolling mills

## **Enquiry Details:**

When placing an enquiry, please furnish the following details;

- Application details
- Motor power & speed
- Brake size / required braking torque
- Mounting
- No. of start/stops per hour
- Duty cycle

#### Note:

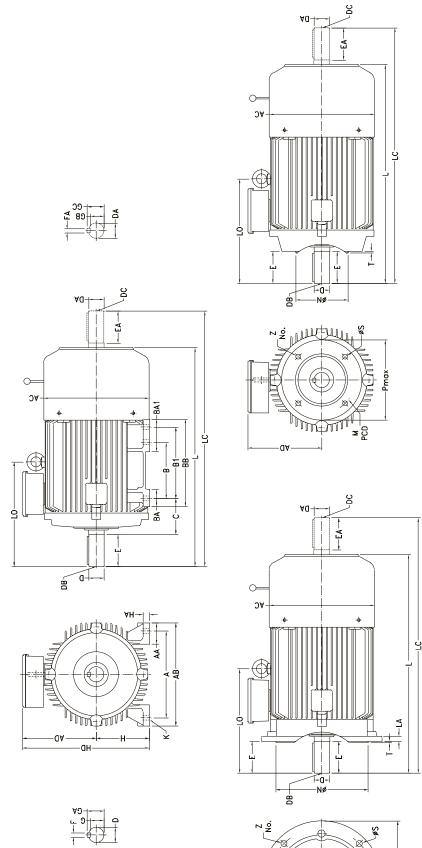
- 1. Selection chart is a general guideline for selection of brake size. If braking torque required is other than that mentioned in selection chart, this can be provided on request.
- 2. Brake motors with safety factor less than 2 are not suitable for crane/hoisting applications.
- 3. The motor must never be switched "ON" unless brake is energised & the brake should never be de-energised when the motor is "ON".
- 4. Brake motors with higher braking torque can also be provided on request.

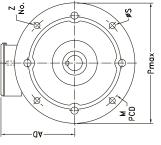
## **SELECTION CHART - BRAKE MOTOR**

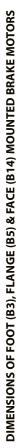
Out	put				A Motor Brake C C Brake Output				Brake	Out	put				Matar		Brake	Safety	Brake
ĸw	HP	Frame Size	Type Designation	Speed (rpm)	Torque (Nm)	Brake Size	Torque (Nm)	Safety Factor	Rel. Time (ms)	кw	HP	Frame Size	Type Designation	Speed (rpm)	Motor Torque (Nm)	Brake Size	Torque (Nm)	Fac- tor	Rel. Time (ms)
	2 POLE													4 POL	E			·	
0.18	0.25	63	2KB2 060-02	2900	0.59	06	4	6.74	35	0.12	0.16	63	2KB2 060-04	1380	0.83	06	4	4.81	35
0.25	0.33	63	2KB2 063-02	2900	0.82	06	4	4.86	35	0.18	0.25	63	2KB2 063-04	1380	1.25	06	4	3.21	35
0.37	0.50	71	2KB2 070-02	2810	1.26	06	4	3.18	35	0.25	0.33	71	2KB2 070-04	1390	1.72	06	4	2.33	35
0.55	0.75	71	2KB2 073-02	2840	1.85	06	4	2.16	35	0.37	0.50	71	2KB2 073-04	1390	2.54	08	8	3.15	65
0.75	1.0	80	2KB2 080-02	2845	2.52	08	8	3.18	65	0.55	0.75	80	2KB2 080-04	1420	3.70	08	8	2.16	65
1.1	1.5	80	2KB2 083-02	2845	3.69	08	8	2.17	65	0.75	1.0	80	2KB2 083-04	1415	5.06	10	16	3.16	90
1.5	2.0	90S	2KB2 090-02	2870	4.99	10	16	3.20	90	1.1	1.5	90S	2KB2 090-04	1430	7.35	12	32	4.35	120
2.2	3.0	90L	2KB2 096-02	2870	7.32	10	16	2.18	90	1.5	2.0	90L	2KB2 096-04	1430	10.02	12	32	3.19	120
3.7	5.0	100L	2KB2 106-02	2900	12.19	12	32	2.62	120	2.2	3.0	100L	2KB2 106-04	1440	14.60	14	60	4.11	150
5.5	7.5	1325	2KB2 130-02	2925	17.97	14	60	3.34	150	3.7	5.0	112M	2KB2 123-04	1445	24.47	14	60	2.45	150
7.5	10.0	1325	2KB2 131-02	2925	24.50	14	60	2.45	150	5.5	7.5	1325	2KB2 130-04	1450	36.24	18	150	4.14	300
9.3	12.5	160M	2KB2 163-02	2930	30.33	16	100	3.30	180	7.5	10.0	132M	2KB2 133-04	1450	49.42	18	150	3.04	300
11.0	15.0	160M	2KB2 164-02	2935	35.81	18	150	4.19	300	9.3	12.5	160M	2KB2 163-04	1455	61.07	18	150	2.46	300
15.0	20.0	160M	2KB2 165-02	2940	48.75	18	150	3.08	300	11.0	15.0	160M	2KB2 164-04	1455	72.24	18	150	2.08	300
18.5	25.0	160L	2KB2 166-02	2940	60.13	18	150	2.49	300	15.0	20.0	160L	2KB2 166-04	1455	98.51	20	260	2.64	400
22.0	30.0	180M	2KB2 183-02	2950	71.26	18	150	2.11	300	18.5	25.0	180M	2KB2 183-04	1460	121.07	20	260	2.15	400
30.0	40.0	200L	2KB2 206-02	2955	97.01	20	260	2.68	400	22.0	30.0	180L	2KB2 186-04	1460	143.98	25	400	2.78	500
37.0	50.0	200L	2KB2 207-02	2955	119.64	20	260	2.17	400	30.0	40.0	200L	2KB2 206-04	1465	195.67	25	400	2.04	500
45.0	60.0	225M	2KB2 223-02	2965	145.02	25	400	2.76	500	37.0	50.0	225SX	2KB2 220-04	1470	240.50	31	600	2.49	500
55.0	75.0	250M	2KB2 253-02	2965	177.24	25	400	2.26	500	45.0	60.0	225MX	2KB2 223-04	1475	291.51	31	600	2.06	500
			I	1			1		<u> </u>	55.0	75.0	250MX	2KB2 253-04	1480	355.08	31	800	2.25	500
				6 POL	E								I	8 POL	E				
0.18	0.25	71	2KB2 073-06	915	1.88	06	4	2.13	35	0.12	0.16	71	2KB2 073-08	680	1.69	06	4	2.37	35
0.25	0.33	71	2KB2 074-06	915	2.61	08	8	3.06	65	0.18	0.25	80	2KB2 080-08	685	2.51	08	8	3.19	65
0.37	0.50	80	2KB2 080-06	925	3.82	08	8	2.09	65	0.25	0.33	80	2KB2 083-08	690	3.46	08	8	2.31	65
0.55	0.75	80	2KB2 083-06	930	5.65	10	16	2.83	90	0.37	0.50	905	2KB2 090-08	695	5.09	12	32	6.29	120
0.75	1.0	90S	2KB2 090-06	935	7.66	12	32	4.18	120	0.55	0.75	90L	2KB2 096-08	700	7.51	12	32	4.26	120
1.1	1.5	90L	2KB2 096-06	935	11.24	12	32	2.85	120	0.75	1.0	100L	2KB2 106-08	705	10.16	14	60	5.90	150
1.5	2.0	100L	2KB2 106-06	945	15.17	14	60	3.96	150	1.1	1.5	100L	2KB2 107-08	700	15.02	14	60	4.00	150
2.2	3.0	112M	2KB2 123-06	950	22.13	14	60	2.71	150	1.5	2.0	112M	2KB2 123-08	710	20.19	14	60	2.97	150
3.7	5.0	1325	2KB2 130-06	950	37.21	18	150	4.03	300	2.2	3.0	1325	2KB2 130-08	715	29.40	18	150	5.10	300
5.5	7.5	132M	2KB2 133-06	955	55.03	18	150	2.73	300	3.7	5.0	160M	2KB2 163-08	722	48.97	18	150	3.06	300
7.5	10.0	160M	2KB2 163-06	970	73.88	18	150	2.03	300	5.5	7.5	160M	2KB2 164-08	720	72.99	18	150	2.06	300
9.3	12.5	160L	2KB2 166-06	970	91.61	20	260	2.84	400	7.5	10.0	160L	2KB2 166-08	723	99.12	20	260	2.62	400
11.0	15.0	160L	2KB2 167-06	970	108.36	20	260	2.40	400	9.3	12.5	180M	2KB2 183-08	725	122.57	20	260	2.12	400
15.0	20.0	180L	2KB2 186-06	970	147.76	25	400	2.71	500	11.0	15.0	180L	2KB2 186-08	727	144.57	25	400	2.77	500
18.5	25.0	200L	2KB2 206-06	975	181.30	25	400	2.21	500	15.0	20.0	200L	2KB2 206-08	730	196.34	25	400	2.04	500
22.0	30.0	200L	2KB2 207-06	975	215.60	31	600	2.78	500	18.5	25.0	225SX	2KB2 220-08	732	241.49	31	600	2.48	500
30.0		225MX	2KB2 223-06	975	294.00	31	600	2.04	500	22.0		225MX		733	286.78		600	2.09	500
37.0		250MX	2KB2 253-06	980	360.75	31	800	2.22	500	30.0		250MX			391.06		800	2.05	500
		1	1	I				I			I		1		1	I			



## **MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS - IE2 BRAKE MOTORS**







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## **MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS - IE2 BRAKE MOTORS**

Note: 1) Suffix "X" denotes motors other than 2 pole motors.

Hindustan ELECTRIC MOTORS The standard test programmes are divided into three parts; routine tests, type tests & optional tests. The routine tests are done to every machine & are included in the price of the machine. Type tests are performed in addition to routine tests normally to one of the machines of a series of similar machine or by request of the customer. Optional tests are additional tests subject to mutual agreement between purchaser & manufacturer.

### **Contents of test programmes:**

#### **Routing tests**

- 1. Insulation resistance test
- 2. Measurement of stator resistance
- 3. No load test
- 4. Locked rotor test
- 5. Reduced voltage running up test (up to 37kW)
- 6. High voltage test

### **Optional tests**

- 1. Vibration severity test
- 2. Noise level measurement
- 3. Degree of protection test
- 4. Overspeed test
- 5. Temp. rise test at limiting values of voltage and frequency variation

#### **Type tests**

- 1. Dimensions
- 2. Measurement of stator resistance
- 3. No load test
- 4. Reduced voltage running up test (up to 37kW)
- 5. Locked rotor test
- 6. Full load test
- 7. Temperature rise test
- 8. Momentary overload test
- 9. Insulation resistance test
- 10. High voltage test

# SPECIAL CUSTOMISED DESIGNS

Frames	63	71	80	90	100	112	132	160	180	200	225	250	280	315	355
					Ele	ctrical									
Non std voltage &/or frequency															
Gelcoat on winding overhang															
Vacuum pressure impregnation															
Insulation class H															
Two speed motors															
High torque motors															
Special performance requirements															
Mechanical															
Second std shaft end															
Non std shaft end															
B6, B7, B8, V5, V6 mtg.													N	N	N
V1 mtg.															
B5, V3 mtg.															N
B35,V15 mtg.															
B14, V18, V19 mtg.									-	-	-	-	-	-	-
B34 mtg.									-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non std flange															
Spl. vibration level															
Epoxy paint															
Thermisters, RTD	N	N													
Anti condensation heater	N	N	N												
Regreasing arrangement	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N						
Colours other than RAL 6011															
Special shaft material															
Cast iron cooling fan															
IP 56 protection															
Special bearings															
Encoder mounting arrangement	N	N	N												
Force cooling arrangement	N	N	N												
Larger terminal box															N
Cast iron terminal box															
Motors with service factor															
Extremely high & low ambient temp.															

N Cannot be supplied

□ No extra cost

Extra cost

